



First half 2004 results Roadshow - September 2004

Generally improved economic environment



- Strong sales in construction in France
- Signs of industrial recovery in Europe
- Many infrastructure projects in "new Europe"
- Growth in public-private partnerships in France and other European countries

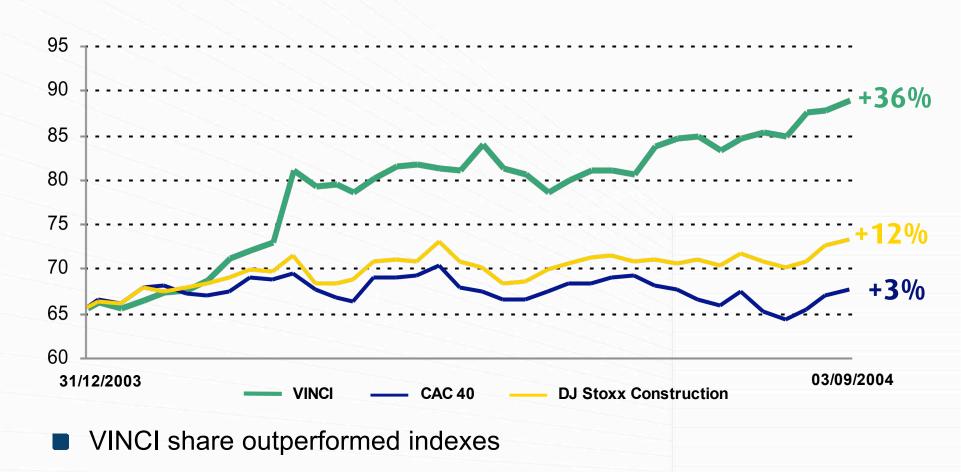
Very good first half 2004 for VINCI



- Brisk sales: +7% (of which France: +10%)
- Sharp increase in operating income (+22%) and net income (+28%)
- First half performance can not be extrapolated to full year

Construction sector outperformed the market





Excellent results



Key figures

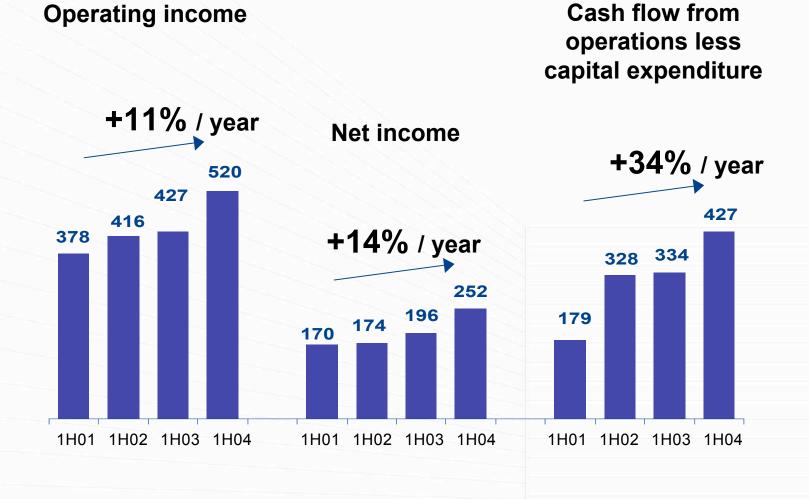
In € millions	1st half 2002	1st half 2003	1st half 2004 ^{Jui}	Change ne 04 / June 03
Net sales	8,466	8,515	9,086	+6.8% *
Operating income	416	427	520	+22%
% of net sales	4.9%	5%	5.7%	
Operating income less net financial expense	332	363	498 **	+37%
Net income (after tax and goodwill)	174	196	252	+28%
Cash flow from operations	524	494	607	+23%
Net debt	(3,323)	(2,994)	(2,835)	+€159m
of which net debt at 30 June excluding concessions	(400)	(111)	199	+€310m

^(*) At constant scope and exchange rates (**) After Toll Collect restatement

VINCI confirms capacity to generate sustainable income growth



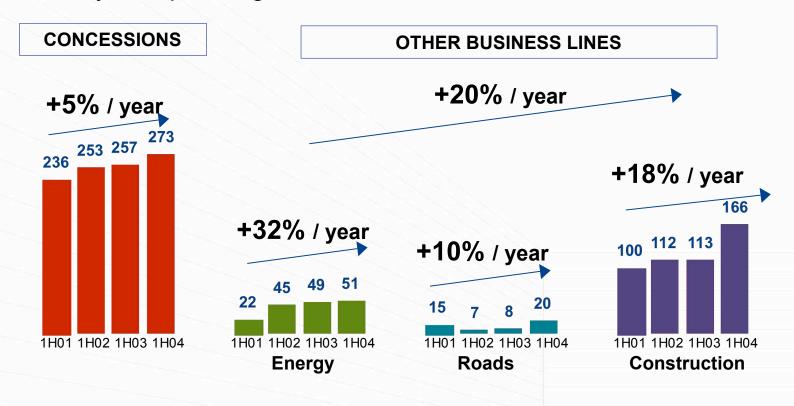
In € millions



All business lines contributed to the improvement in results



Change in half year operating income

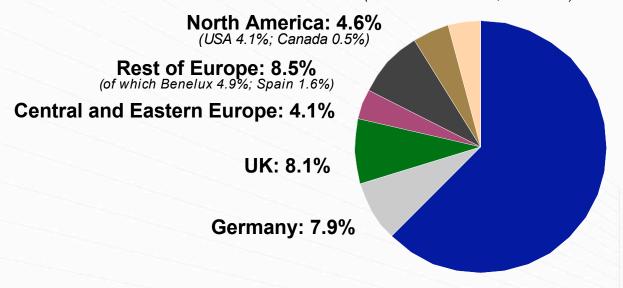


The VINCI "model": develop complementary business lines in synergy (concessions-construction)

A leader in Europe with operations in main countries







France: 62.5%

First half 2004:

- Increased proportion of net sales generated in France
- Central and Eastern Europe remain dynamic
- Growth in Germany and Benelux
- Business in UK maintained at good level

Order taking still very brisk



Due to:

- Buoyant markets
- Firm foothold of VINCI business units, especially in France

In € millions	1st half 2004	Change / 1st half 2003	
Energy	1,742	+12%	
Roads	3,170	+11%	
Construction	4,864	+41%	
Total	9,776	+24%	
Of which: French su	bsidiaries	+21%	
Central & subsidi	Eastern European aries	+98%	

Consequently, order backlog up sharply at 30 June 2004



In € millions	30/06/04	Number of months of average activity	Change / Dec. 03	Change / June 03
Energy	1,434	5.4	+24%	+11%
Roads	3,874	8.0	+20%	+12%
Construction	8,443	12.7	+13%	+18%
Total	13,751	9.9	+15%	+15%

- Projects in the order book are of good quality
- No noticeable slowdown
- Good visibility over second half 2004 and full year 2005

An eventful first half for VINCI



Concessions

- Cofiroute: new amendment to concession contract
- ASF: industrial agreement concluded
- Rion—Antirion bridge in service five months ahead of schedule
- Airport sector: disposal of non-core assets

Construction

- Strong sales in France
- PPP:
 - Legal framework introduced in France
 - SKE won first German PPP contract
- Continued growth in Eastern Europe





VINCI business lines



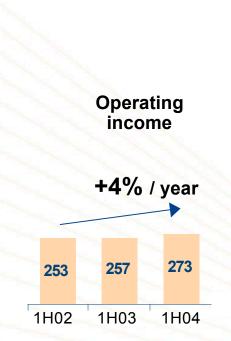
CONCESSIONS



VINCI Concessions: key figures











- Growth in sales
- Improvement in operating income and net income





VINCI Concessions operating income by segment

	1st h	nalf 2003	1st h	nalf 2004	Growth
	€m	% net sales	€m	% net sales	%
Cofiroute	198	51.6%	210	52.1%	+6.2%
VINCI Park	57	23.9%	61	25.1%	+7.6%
Other infrastructure	8	14.9%	9	15%	+14.3%
Airport services			2	0.9%	ns
Total Concessions	257	28.2%	273	29.2%	+6.5%

Increased contribution from all business line segments



VINCI Concessions: first half 2004 highlights



Cofiroute:

- Signature of 11th amendment and 2004–2008 master plan
 - Clear toll price rules
 - Programme of new investments set
- A86: agreement with the French government progressing
- Toll Collect: limitation of Cofiroute's exposure confirmed

ASF:

- Industrial cooperation agreement signed on 29 June 2004
 - Development of common services (motorways/car parks, HGV parking areas, traffic news, etc.)
 - New projects under study (A41, Chicago Skyway)
- Increased dividend (€32m in June 2004), which covers carrying cost
- Revaluation of VINCI's interest (+35%, i.e. €430m)



VINCI Concessions: first half 2004 highlights



- Rion–Antirion:
 - Commissioned on 12 August, almost five months ahead of schedule
 - Start-up of operation promising
- VINCI Park:
 - End of growth restrictions imposed by French competition commission
 - 793,000 spaces managed at 30 June 2004, of which 326,000 under concession contracts
- Airport sector:
 - 7-year contract to operate Chambéry airport
 - Sale of stakes in airports in Southern Mexico and TBI
- Growth:
 - Some 20 projects under study, of which 13 at or beyond prequalification stage
 - "A Modell": agreement with Hochtief



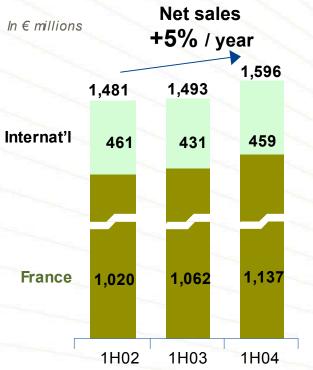


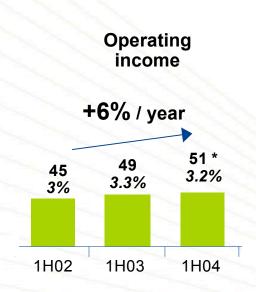
ENERGY

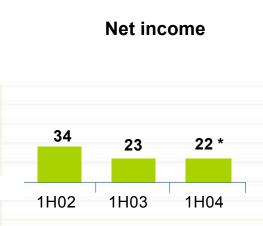


VINCI Energies: key figures









- Improvement in operating income in France and in international business (operating margin approximately 5% excluding TMS)
- TMS restructuring

(*) Including TMS impact: €21m operating loss, €25m net loss



VINCI Energies: first half 2004 highlights



- France:
 - More favourable economic climate in industry
 - Dynamism in telecommunications sector
 - Energy infrastructure market remains brisk
 - Good outlook for service sector
- Northern Europe/Germany:
 - Better visibility in industry
 - Improved performance
- Spain:
 - Still very dynamic
- TMS:
 - Restructuring well under way
- Continued external growth:
 - Some 15 acquisitions in France and the rest of Europe, representing about €140m in full year net sales



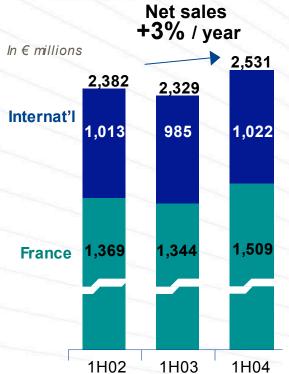


ROADS

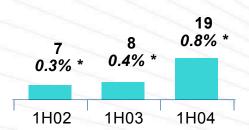


VINCI Routes: key figures

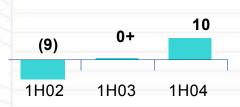












- Steady sales in France and in international markets
- Improvement in operating income and net income

(*) As % of net sales

(**) Not significant for first half

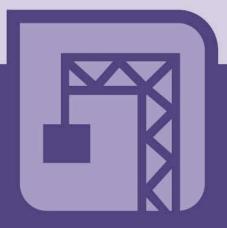


Eurovia: first half 2004 highlights



- France, growth in income due to:
 - Brisk business: favourable weather conditions, start-up of several major contracts (tram systems in particular)
 - Improved margins
- International:
 - Dynamic business in the UK (multi-year maintenance contracts) and the USA
 - Good contracts won in Central Europe (Czech Republic, Slovakia)
- Germany:
 - Market stabilisation progressing
 - "A Modell": agreement with Hochtief
- Growth:
 - Emphasis on materials and intensifying European network coverage



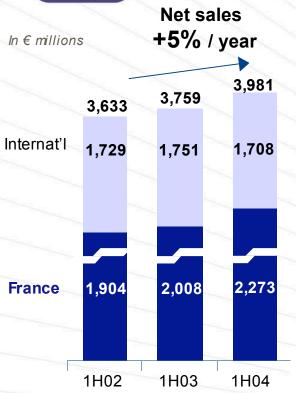


CONSTRUCTION

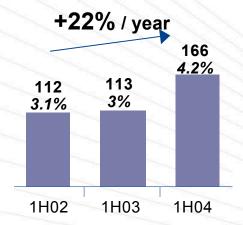


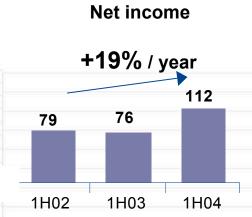
VINCI Construction: key figures





Operating income





- Cash flow from operations less net capital expenditure: €106m (+95% compared with first half 2003)
- Net cash at 30/06/04: €1,180m (up €44m compared with 31/12/03, and up €300m compared with 30/06/03)



VINCI Construction: first half 2004 highlights



- Strong sales in France across all market segments and regions
- Improvement in operating margins
- Very high order backlog
- Good contracts won in Central and Eastern Europe
- Germany's first PPP won by SKE (€295m over 15 years)
- Decline in major projects outside France due to selective order taking policy







Financial statements at 30 June 2004



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change	Change like-for-like
Construction	3,759	3,981	+5.9%	+5.9%
Roads	2,329	2,531	+8.7%	+9.8%
Energy	1,493	1,596	+6.9%	+4.7%
Concessions and services	910	937	+3%	+4.6%
Miscellaneous	24	41	ns	ns
Total	8,515	9,086	+6.7%	+6.8%
of which France	5,132	5,682	+10.7%	+9.6%

Growth driven mainly by France

Net sales in France



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change	Change like-for-like
Construction	2,008	2,273	+13.2%	+12%
Roads	1,344	1,509	+12.3%	+11.1%
Energy	1,062	1,137	+7.1%	+5.1%
Concessions and services	675	708	+4.9%	+4.9%
Miscellaneous	43	55	ns	ns
Total	5,132	5,682	+10.7%	+9.6%

- Very strong sales in Construction and Roads
- VINCI Energies: dynamism in telecommunications, business climate improving in industry
- Good growth by Cofiroute (+4.2%), airport services recovering (+12.7%)

Net sales outside France



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change	Change like-for-like
Construction	1,751	1,709	-2.4%	-1.4%
Roads	985	1,022	+3.8%	+7.9%
Energy	431	459	+6.4%	+3.7%
Concessions and services	235	229	-2.5%	+4%
Miscellaneous	(19)	(15)	ns	ns
Total	3,383	3,404	+0.6%	+2.4%

- VINCI Construction: decline in major projects
- Eurovia's growth outside France (UK 12%*; USA 19%*; Germany 7%)
- VINCI Energies: upturn confirmed in Europe, integration of GFA (fire protection)
- Good overall performance by concessions in international markets

^(*) At constant exchange rates

Gross operating surplus

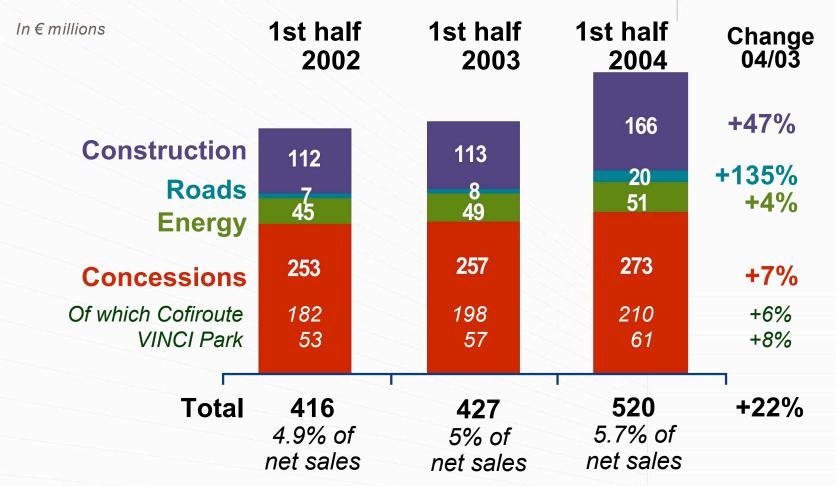


In € millions 1	st half 2002	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change 04/03
Construction	191	178	227	+27%
Roads	89	76	93	+22%
Energy	85	70	88	+27%
Concessions and service	s 356	358	368	+3%
of which Cofiroute	242	255	259	+1.5%
VINCI Park	81	85	88	+4.1%
Miscellaneous	1	4	9	
Total	722	686	785	+14.5%
% of net sales	8.5%	8.1%	8.6%	
sales				

- VINCI Construction, VINCI Energies and Eurovia: sharp increase in EBITDA
- Concessions: growth in line with evolution of the business

Operating income

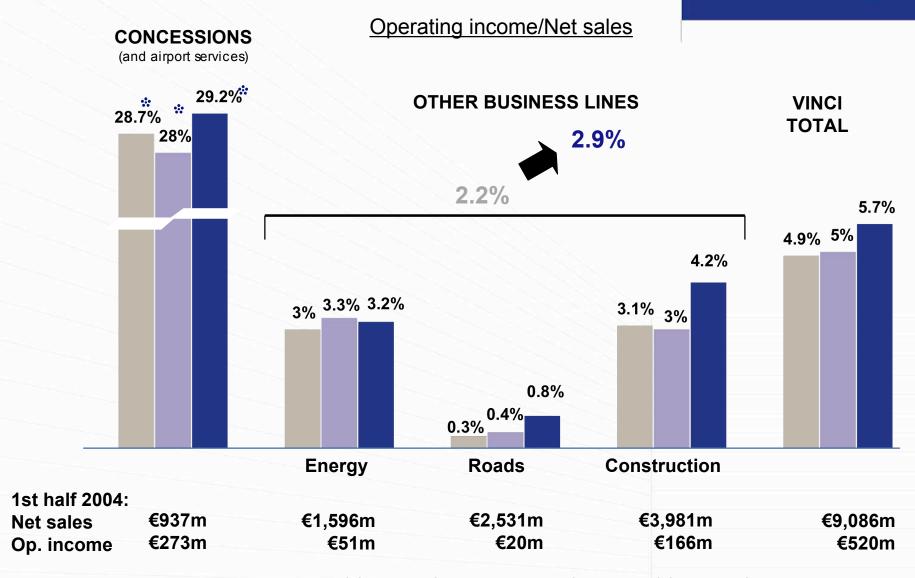




- Improved operating performance across all business lines
- VINCI Energies' operating income affected by TMS operating loss of €21m

Operating margins: improvement across all business lines





^(*) Margins excluding airport services: 38% for 1st half 2002 and 1st half 2003; 40% for 1st half 2004

Strong improvement in financial expense



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	
Net interest expense	(90)	(75)	
Of which Concessions Other business lines and holding companies	(66) (24)	(51) (24)	
Dividends received	29 (a)	39 (a)	
Foreign currency translation, provisions and other	(2)	14	
Financial expense before reclassification of Toll Collec	(63) t	(22)	
Reclassification of Toll Collect provision		(35) (b)	
Financial expense published	(63)	(57)	

⁽a) Of which ASF: €19m in 2003, €32m in 2004

⁽b) €34.5m provision on Toll Collect shares (reclassification from exceptional expense)

Strong growth in operating income less net financial expense



Income statement (1/2)

In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change
Net sales	8,515	9,086	+7%
Gross operating surplus	686	785	+14.5%
% of net sales	8.1%	8.6%	
Operating income	427	520	+22%
% of net sales	5%	5.7%	
Financial expense (*)	(63)	(22) *	
Operating income less net financial expense (*)	363	498 *	+37%
% of net sales	4.3%	5.5%	
Operating income less net financial expense publishe	363 d	463	+28%

^(*) **before** reclassification of €34.5m Toll Collect provision

Exceptional items have little impact on 1st half 2004 figures



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	
Capital gains on disposals	13 ^(a)	6	
Restructuring costs	(17)	(10)	
Other exceptional items	36	(2)	
Exceptional income/(expense) before Toll Collect	32	(6)	
Reclassification of Toll Collect provision		35 ^(b)	
Exceptional income published	32	29	

⁽a) Of which €11m in respect of sale of former Entreprise Jean Lefèb vre head office building

⁽b) Of which reversal of Toll Collect provision, €34.5m reclassified as financial expense

Goodwill amortisation



In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	
Amortisation for the year	(31)	(28)	
Exceptional write-downs	(15)	3	
Goodwill amortisation	(46)	(25)	



Income statement (2/2)

In € millions	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change
Operating income less net financial expense *	363	498	+37%
Exceptional income/(expense) *	32	(6)	
Tax Effective tax rate	(111) 28%	(173) <i>35%</i>	
Goodwill	(46)	(25)	
Companies accounted for by equi method and minority interests	ity (42)	(42)	
Net income	196	252	+28%
Earnings per share (€/share)	2.36 **	2.99 **	+27%

^(*) **before** reclassification of €34.5m Toll Collect provision

^(**) Diluted EPS: €2.20 at 30/06/03 and €2.71 at 30/6/04 (+23%)

Cash flow statement (1/2): strong cash flow generation



In € millions	1st half 2002	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change 1H04/1H03
Cash flow from operations	524	494	607	+113
- Net capital expenditure	(196)	(160)	(180)	-20
Cash flow from operations less net capital expenditure	328	334	427	+93
Change in working capital requirement	(323)	(456)	(310)	+146
Free cash flow for growth	5	(122)	117	+239
- New concessions	(221)	(203)	(304)	
- Financial investment (*)	(1,093)	(67)	(65)	
- Other financial items	(147)	(160)	(194)	
Cash flow for the period <u>before</u> capital stock movements	(1,456)	(552)	(446)	+106
(*) of which ASF	(1,045)	(58)	(2)	

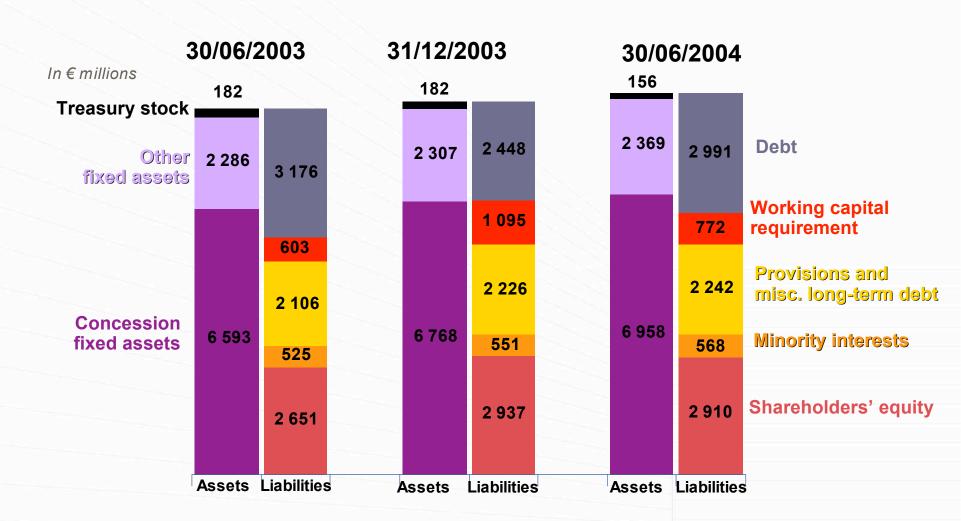
Cash flow statement (2/2): share buy-back policy strengthened



In € millions	1st half 2002	1st half 2003	1st half 2004	Change 1H04/1H03
Cash flow for the period <u>before</u> capital stock movements	(1,456)	(552)	(446)	+106
Capital stock movements:				
- Capital increase	134	26	125	+99
- Share buy-back programme	(25)		(236)	-236
Cash flow for the period <u>after</u> capital stock movements	(1,347)	(526)	(557)	-31

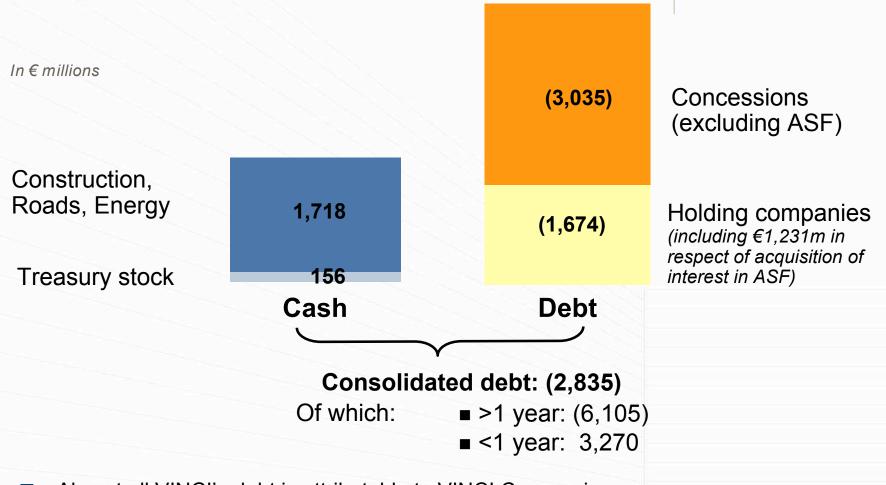
Financial structure still very sound





Consolidated debt by business line at 30 June 2004

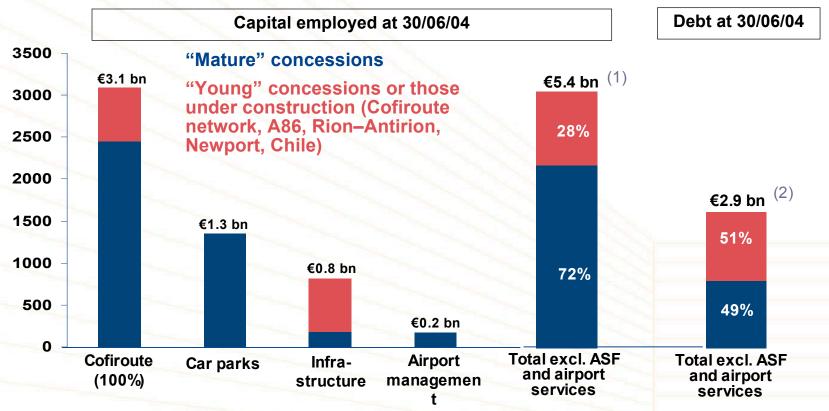




- Almost all VINCI's debt is attributable to VINCI Concessions
- The stake in ASF accounts for most of the holding companies' debt
- The other business lines have significant cash surpluses lodged with the holding company



VINCI Concessions (excluding ASF and airport services): breakdown of capital employed and debt by maturity



New concessions – recently started or under construction – represent over one-quarter of capital employed (€1.6 bn) and over half of VINCI Concessions' debt (€1.5 bn)



Financial policy: VINCI honours commitments to its shareholders



- Share buy-back programme
 - 4.4 million shares bought back since 1 January 2004
 - 3.1 million shares cancelled
 - No dilution for existing shareholders due to stock options and Group Savings Scheme (GSS)
- Interim dividend
 - **2004**:
 - €1.20 per share
 - Payment in December 2004
 - Future years:
 - Decision in principle to pay an interim dividend at the end of the calendar year based on half year results





Outlook for 2004





Appendixes

Appendices



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Changes in capital stock	49
 Group présentation Shareholder structure Business lines, know-how, financial indicators 	50 s 51-54
Présentation of VINCI business linesConcessions :	
General	55-59
Cofiroute	60-66
VINCI Park	67-73
 Infrastructure concessions 	74-78
Airport sector	79-85
Energy, Roads, Construction	86-91



- Opening balance sheet at 01/01/04:
 - Work on 1st half figures: in finalisation stage
 - Questions pending:
 - Method for first application of IAS39 (awaiting decision of European authorities)
 - Treatment of concession contracts under IFRS (awaiting IFRIC interpretation early 2005)
- Principal options selected:
 - Merger costs not restated
 - Actuarial differences on personnel commitments set against shareholders' equity at 01/01/04
 - Currency translation differences set against consolidated reserves
- Principal divergences:
 - Accounting treatment of treasury stock and OCEANE bonds
 - Accounting treatment of payments in shares (GSS, stock options)
 - Provisions of over one year shown at discounted amounts
 - Non-depreciation of goodwill

Changes in capital stock in 1st half 2004

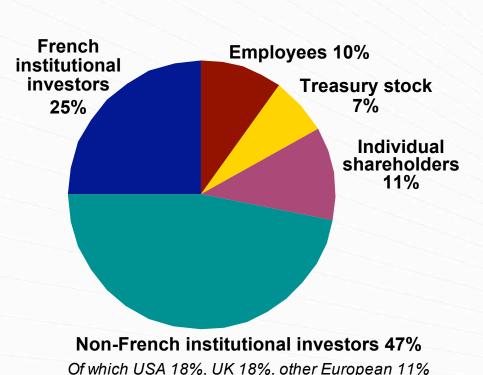


In millions of shares	31/12/03	30/06/04
Number of shares making up capital stock	83.795	85.949
- Treasury stock available for cancellation	0.120	2.385
Number of shares making up capital stock, adjusted for treasury stock	83.675	83.564
	-0.	111
Number of shares cancelled		3.061

Shareholder structure characterised by significant float (83%)



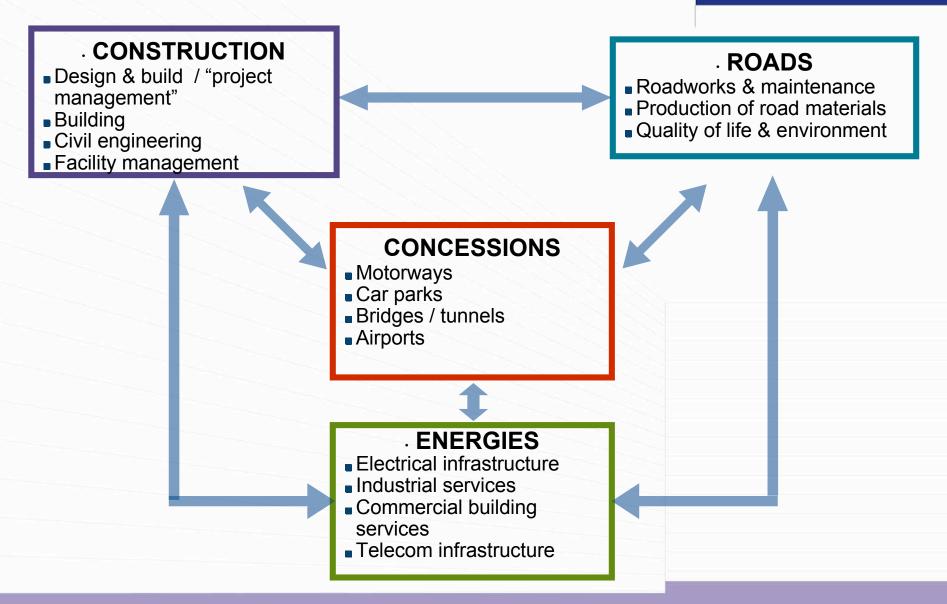
Shareholder structure at 31/07/04 (85.9 million shares)



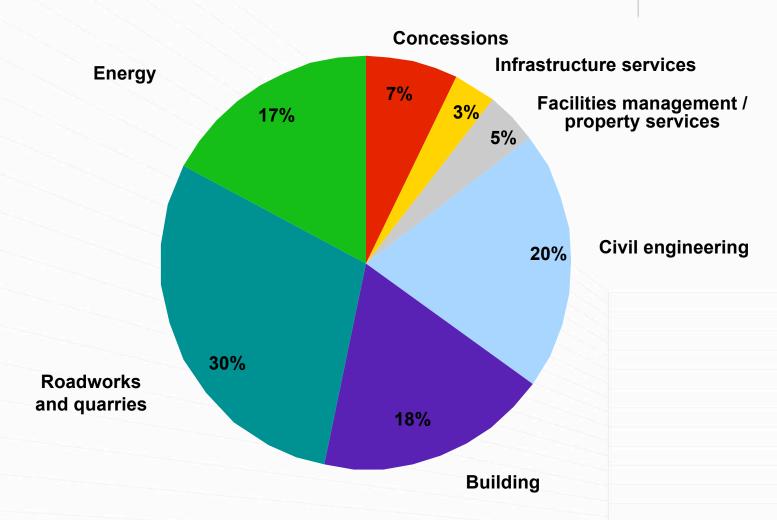
- Bigger percentage owned by employees, VINCI's leading shareholder block
- Increase in treasury stock due to share buy-back programme
- Good geographical distribution of institutional investors
- Increase in number of institutional investors

VINCI: an excellent combination of complementary skills in concessions and construction related businesses



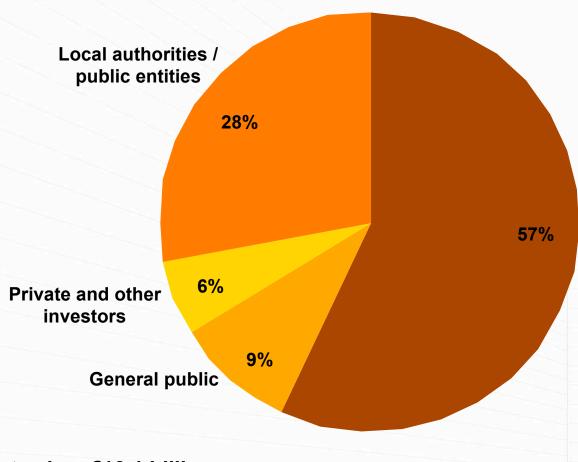






2003 net sales: €18.1 billion



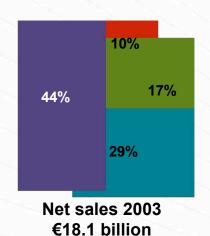


Industry and commerce

2003 net sales: €18.1 billion

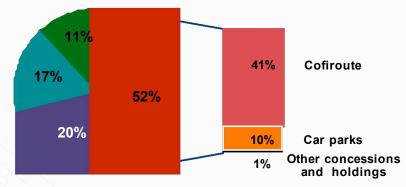
Analysis of main financial indicators by business line



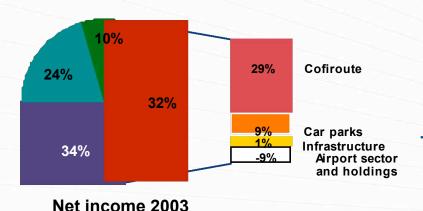


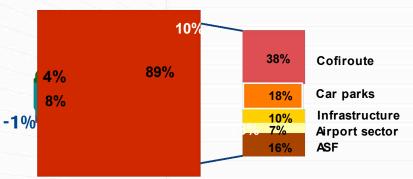
€541 million

Concessions
Energy
Roads
Construction



Operating income 2003 €1.2 billion





Capital employed 2003 €7.6 billion

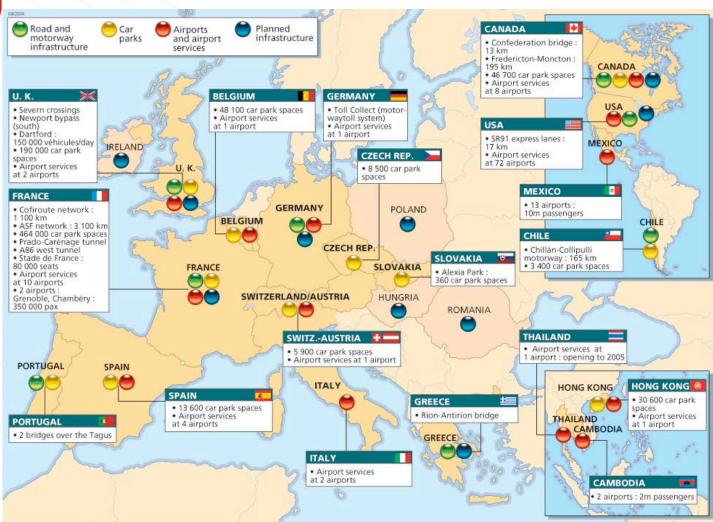


CONCESSIONS (details)



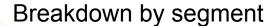


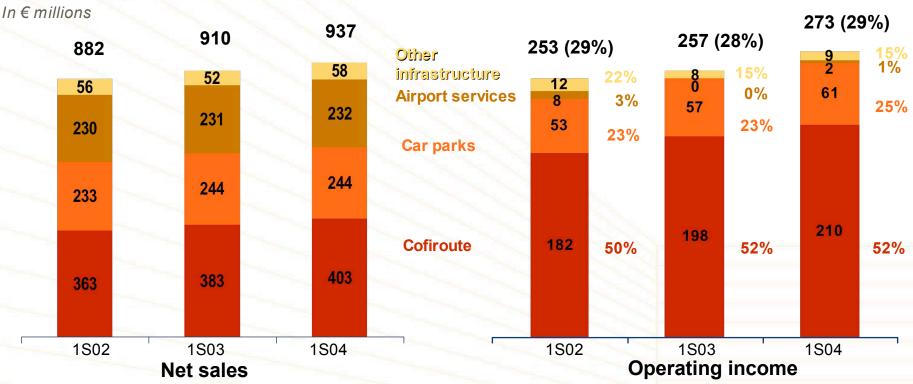
VINCI Concessions: overview of portfolio





VINCI Concessions net sales and operating income





Increase in the already high contributions from Cofiroute and VINCI Park



VINCI Concessions net debt

	%	D	ebt	EBI	ITDA	Debt at 06.04 /
In € millions	control	31/12/03		Of which non- recourse	2003	EBITDA 2003
Cofiroute (100%)	65%	1,691	1,837	1,837	577	x 3.2
(of which A86 and sections under construction)	65%	657	932	932	_	ns
VINCI Park	100%	479	466		165	x 2.8
VINCI Airports	6% to 100%	272	152	* 3	21	x 7.2
Other concessions	12% to 83%	599	626	626	32	x 19
Holding cos. (excl. AS	F) 100%	(32)	(46)	-	(12)	n/a
<u>Total</u>		3,009	3,035	<u>2,466</u> *	* <u>783</u>	<u>x 3.9</u>
"Mature" concessions		2,042	1,860		772	x 2.4
"Non-mature" or unde	r	1,155	1,462		11	ns
construction (Cofiroute r. A86, Rion, Chile, Newport)	etwork,					
(*) After €130m recapitalisation	by VINCI		(**) i.e. 81%	of total debt		_

VINCI Concessions: stable business models



	Motorways	Car	parks	Infrastructure	Airport	Airport
	Cofiroute	Concessions & full ownership	Services	(bridges, tunnels)	management	services
Country / main location	France	Mainly France	France & Western Europe	Europe, Americas	France, Mexico, Cambodia	USA, France, Far East
Sales (*)	€787m	€363m	€128m	€81m	€18m	€471m
Size	1,100 km	346,900 spaces Total car par	464,100 spaces ks: €1.3bn	Ns	> 50m pax/year	100 airports serviced / 300 customers
Capital employed (*)	€2.9bn			€0.8bn	€0.1bn	€0.4bn
EBITDA margin (*)	69%	45%	13%	40%	39%	4%
Grantor	State	Local authorities	Local authorities	Local authorities	Local authorities	Airport authorities
Customers	Individual / trucks	Individuals	Local authority / owner	Individuals / trucks	Individuals	Airlines / airports
Residual duration	27 years (intercity) 70 years (A86 tunnels)	31 years on average	3-5 years generally renewable	15 / 40 years	22 / 47 years	~ 1 year generally renewable
Revenue	Toll receipts	Toll receipts	Lump sum + incentive	Toll receipts / tickets	% of airport revenue (airline companies, shops	Lump sum + volume
Tariff indexation	5 year contract %CPI-based + depends on capex programme	Unrestricted with a ceiling	CPI-based	CPI-based	Regulated rev.: no indexation (>80%) Regulated rev.:	Competition
Key growth drivers	Traffic / new sections / tariff	Traffic / City environmental constraints, fines	Traffic / City environmental constraints, fines	Traffic	ČPI-based Leisure or business traffic / avg. consumption / user	Airport traffic / outsourcing trend







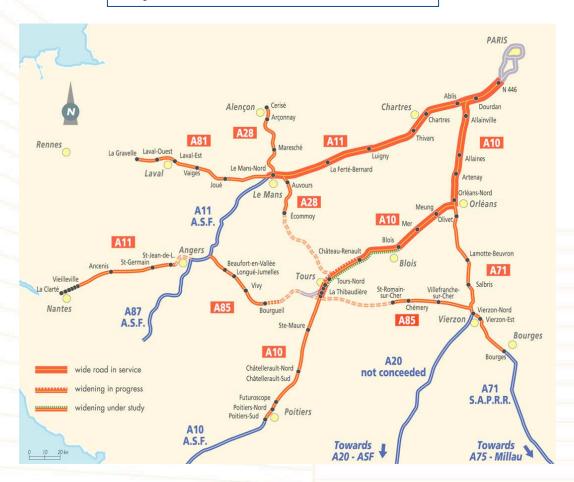
Cofiroute



Cofiroute: history and network

Rajouté détail formule tarifaire

- 1970: creation of Cofiroute
- Shareholders: VINCI (65,34%),
 Eiffage (16,99%), Colas (16,67%),
 banks (1%)
- 1980: 700 km under concession, of which 508 km built
- Today: 1,100 km under concession, of which 900 km built
- Number of lane-km: 4,400 km at 31 Dec. 2003
- Residual term of contracts:
 - Intercity network: end in 2030
 - A86 tunnels: 70 years after commissioning
- Tariff formula: CPI-based
 - 90% x CPI in 2004
 - 85% x CPI until 2009
 - 70% x CPI from 2010 on

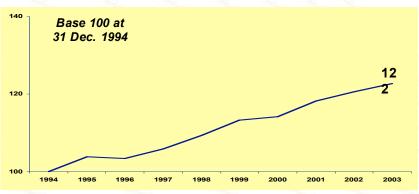


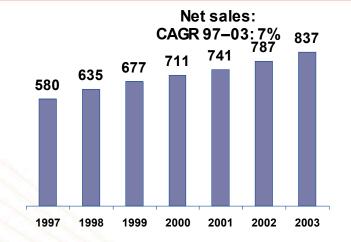


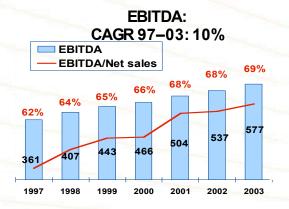


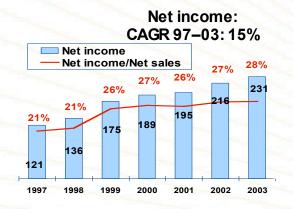
Cofiroute: a very fine track record

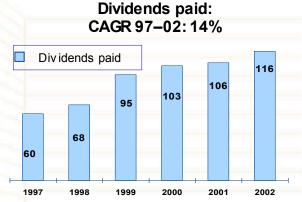








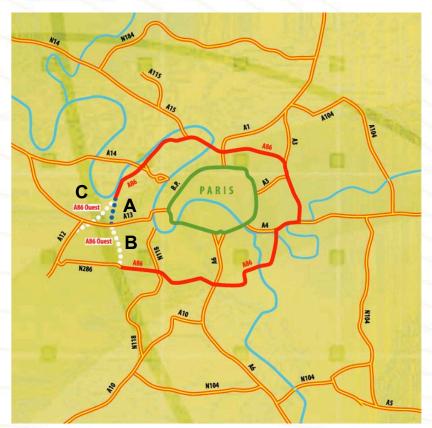


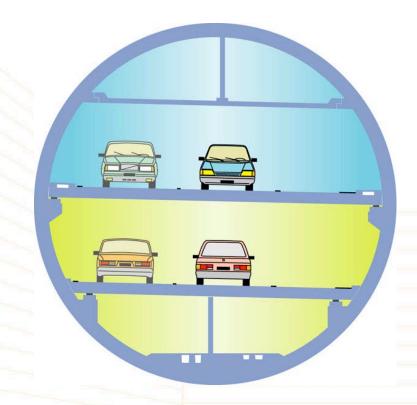






A86 west tunnels: an innovative, ambitious solution in an urban environment





A86 West tunnels:

A: East 1 tunnel (Rueil-A13):

B: East 2 tunnel (A13-Pt Colbert): 5.5 km 7.5 km

C: West tunnel (Rueil-A12):

17.5 km

4.5 km

63



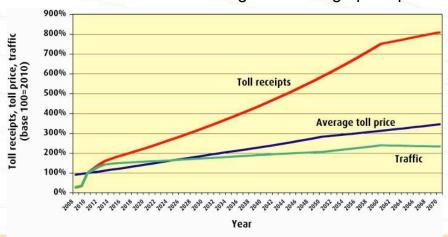
A86 West tunnels: a vector for growth when intercity concessions reach maturity

Estimated capital expenditure

In€bn	Total est.	To end 2003
East 1 tunnel	0.9	0.40
East 2 tunnel	0.5	0.06
West tunnel	0.4	0.04
Total	1.8	0.50

Projected toll receipts

- Growth in toll receipts, traffic and toll prices (contract)
- Tariff based on congestion charge principles



Scheduled opening dates

East 1 tunnel	End-2007
East 2 tunnel	End-2009
West tunnel	Discussions under way

Projected data for 2020:

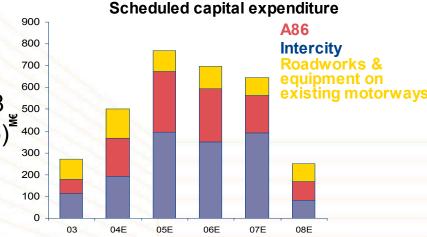
- Net sales > €130m
- Around 9% of Cofiroute's total revenue
- EBITDA/Net sales > 72%

End of concession 70 years after opening of West tunnel



Cofiroute: a very valuable asset

- A good example of value creation (for 100%):
 - Capital invested in 1970: €61 million → Equity at 31/12/03: €1.1 billion
 - Internal valuation: €5 billion (equity value)
- Network undergoing rapid expansion:
 - 163 km under construction
 - €2.9 billion capital expenditure by 2008
 - 32 km opened in December 2003 (A85)



- Agreement finalised with French government:
 - Amendment 11 to intercity contract and 5-year master contract (2004-2008)
- A86: assessment of additional costs under way in view of preparing the 1st amendment





Cofiroute: very high expected cashflows improvement in the medium term

- Cofiroute cash contribution to VINCI amounts to €75 million p.a. through dividends
- Cofiroute committed to a complementary CAPEX programme of €2.9 billion over the 2004-2008 period
- Sharply reduced capex starting in 2008
- A86 tunnels: as of 2007 (first section), A86 will contribute EBITDA.



Strong free cash flow generation after 2007

End of concession is 2032 (intercity network) and 2082 est. (A86 tunnels)



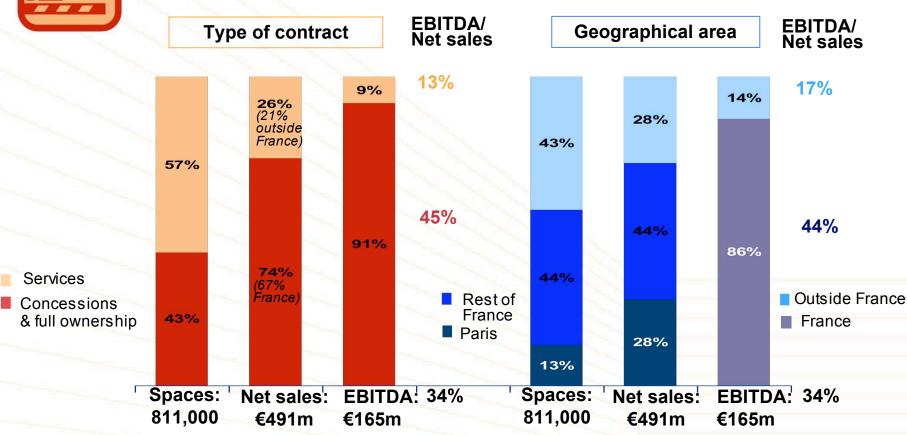


VINCI Park



VINCI Park: No. 1 car park operator in Europe





- Net income before goodwill: 12.5% of sales (€61m)
- Significant number of contracts: 1,250 parks managed in 240 towns
- Average residual duration of concession contracts: 31 years (incl. full ownership)





VINCI Park in France: strongly connected to other VINCI Concessions activities (motorways, airport ...)

- 464,000 spaces under management (31/12/03)
- No 1 in parking in France
- Operating in 165 cities
- Complementing the motorway network in which VINCI is involved (ASF, Escota, Cofiroute)

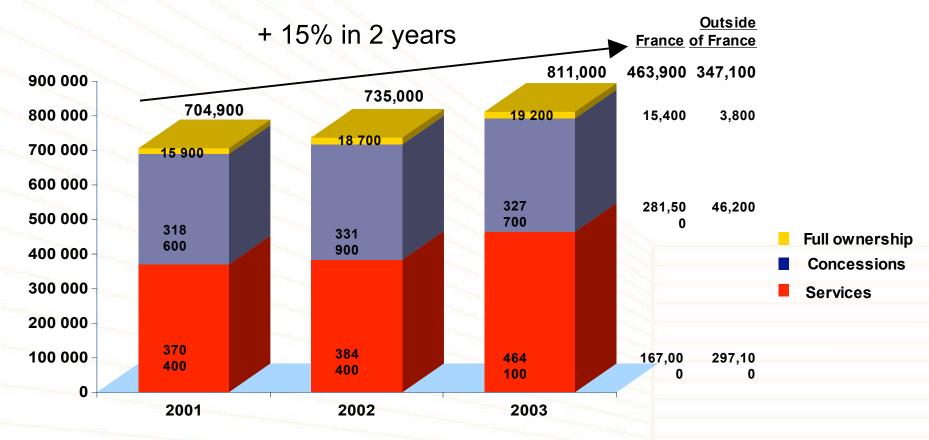
- Cofiroute network (65% stake)
- ASF network (20% stake)
- VINCI Park car parks
- Airports







VINCI Park: continuous growth in the number of spaces managed



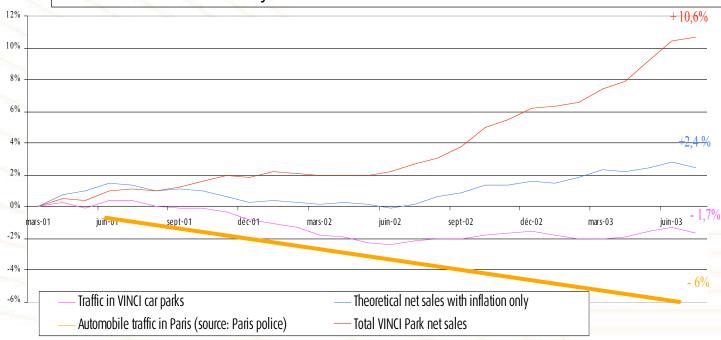
- Until 2004, growth mainly coming from new management contracts outside of France
- As of June 2004, VINCI Park will be allowed again to compete for new concessions contracts in France





VINCI Park: a dynamic marketing strategy The example of Parisian car parks

Sample: 80 Parisian car parks – statistics between March 2001 and July 2003 11 million hourly customers – net sales: €65m



VINCI Park managed to increase its net sales significantly above CPI

- despite a context of generally poor economy and restrictions on automobile traffic,
- thanks to a services-oriented strategy (creation of the VINCI Park brand, renovation of car parks,launch of new services)
- Tariffs remain low compared to other European major cities





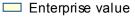
DCF value of existing portfolio – no renewal of expiring concessions assumed

Assumptions:

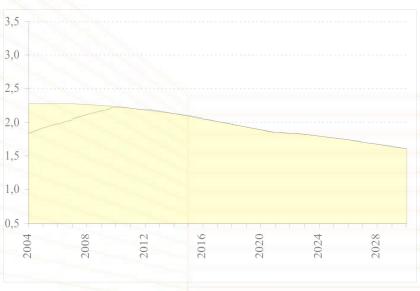
- Annual growth in net sales: 3% and expense: 2.1%
- Current actual value of free cash flow (FCF):
 EBITDA maintenance capex income tax
- 2004 value:

In € billions	WACC 5.6%	WACC 6.6%
Enterprise value	2.3	2.0
Equity value	1.8	1.5

DCF value evolution (1)



In € billions — Equity value



(1) Current actual value calculated for each period (at 31/12) on the basis of future free cash flow





DCF value of existing portfolio – with moderate growth assumptions

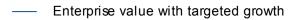
Assumptions:

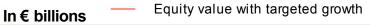
- €60 million invested each year over 11 years
- Project mix:
 - 2 full ownership 50 years
 - 2 large town concessions 30 years
 - 2 average sized towns 30 years
 - 2 concessions extended 15 years
 - 1 external growth transaction
- WACC: 5,6%
- Other parameters unchanged

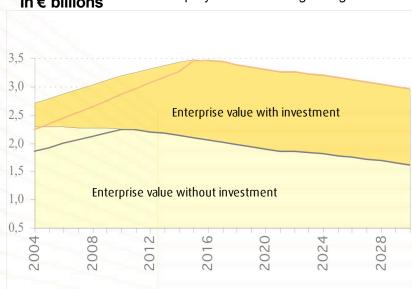
In € billions	2004
Enterprise value	2.8
Equity value	2.2

Potential for value improvement through targeted growth: 400 million equity value from 2004

DCF value evolution (1)







(1) Current actual value calculated for each period (at 31/12) on the basis of future free cash flow





Infrastructure concessions





VINCI Infrastructures: 2003 key figures (contribution to VINCI)

- Net sales: €81 million, up 6% over 2002
- EBITDA: €32 million (40% of net sales)
- Net debt: €599 million, essentially non recourse (project financing) (1)
- Estimated equity value: about €250–300 million, for a total investment of approx. €140 million

(1) Of which infrastructure under construction: €330m (Rion-Antirion bridge, Newport by-pass)



Portfolio of infrastructure concessions



ROADS AND MOTOR	WAYS	Residual term of contract (years)	% held _r	Conso- lidation nethod (1)
Chillan-Collipulli	160 km - Chile	17	83	FC
Newport *	10 km – Wales	38	50	PC
Fredericton-Moncton	200 km - Canada	25	12	Invest.
BRIDGES & TUNNELS				
Rion-Antirion *	Peloponnesus-continent - Greece	36	53	FC
Tagus	2 bridges over the Tagus in Lisbon - Portuga	1 27	31	EM
Prado-Carénage	Tunnel in Marseilles - France	22	31	EM
Severn	2 bridges over the Severn – UK	13	35	EM
Confederation	Prince Edward Island–continent - Canada	29	50	PC
STADIUM				
Stade de France	80,000 seats - France	21	67	PC

(*) Under construction



⁽¹⁾ FC: full consolidation; PC: proportional consolidation; EM: equity method



VINCI Infrastructures: Detail of 2003 operational data at 100%

	Traffic (millions of passengers)	Net sales (in €m)	EBITDA (as % of net sales)	Debt (in €m)
Chillan-Collipulli motorway	5.8	13	34%	167
Confederation bridge	0.7	19	46%	170
Ron-Antirion bridge *	na	na	na	295
Tagus crossings	39.6	69	86%	375
Prado-Carénage tunnel	13.9	26	80%	114
Severn crossings	12.5	93	84%	(647)
Stade de France	na	87	17%	62
Newport by-pass *	na	na	na	35



^(*) Under construction

Rion-Antirion bridge: ahead of schedule



- Technical prowess
 - The biggest infrastructure site currently under construction in Europe: about €800m
 - Length: 2.9 km seismic constraints – sea floor at a depth of 65 metres
 - Ahead of schedule and within budget
- Excellent financing:
 - Equity €69m (VINCI 53%),
 - Greek state subsidy €335m,
 - EIB loan €362m (31-year maturity)
- A promising operation:
 - Break-even in 2005
 - Dividends from 2012
- Duration of the concession: until 2039







Airport sector



Airport sector: a strategic area for growth



- Key characteristics of the airport sector:
 - Increasing deregulation
 - Key growth drivers: traffic, outsourcing trend, partnering with airline companies
- Key assets for VINCI:
 - Expertise in managing long-term contracts (airport management, cargo handling)
 - Good track-record in management-intensive businesses
 - Synergies with other VINCI's businesses (car parks, electrical works, construction ...)
- A strategy focused on 2 segments:
 - Management of medium size platforms (up to 15/20 million PAX/year)
 - Providing high value services to airlines companies





Airport concessions: 2003 key figures (contribution to VINCI)

- Net sales: €15 million, down 14% over 2002 *
- EBITDA: €2 million (10% of net sales)
- Net cash: €33 million (*)
- A total investment of about €100 million, the value of which has been preserved despite the crisis in the sector

(*) Essentially due to currency effect





Portfolio of airport concessions

AIRPORTS				Residual term (years)	% held	Consolidation method (*)
Central and Northern Mexic	o13 airports	3	10 million PAX/year	47	6 (1)	EM
Cambodia	2 airports	۲,	>1 million PAX/year	22	70	PC
ADPM partnership					34 (2)	EM
•Liège	1 airport	-	287,000 tonnes/year	36		
•Beijing	1 airport	-	27 million PAX/year	46		
Africa (Madagascar, Guinea, Cameroon)	4 airports	-	1 million PAX/an			
Grenoble (France)	1 airport	_	200,000 PAX/year	5	50	PC
Chambery (France)	1 airport	-	160,000 PAX/year	7	50	PC



⁽¹⁾ Final holding: VINCI has a 37% interest in the "strategic partner" that owns 15% of the airports

⁽²⁾ Holding in ADP Management, "strategic partner" of airports including Liège and Beijing

^(*) FC: full consolidation; PC: proportional consolidation; EM: equity method



Airport concessions: Detail of 2003 operational data at 100%

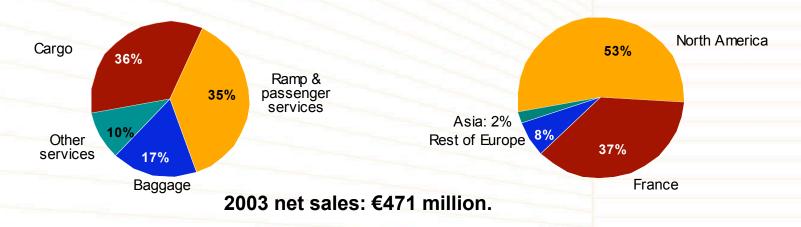
	Traffic (in millions of passengers)	Net sales (in €m)	EBITDA (as % of net sales)	Debt/(cash) (in €m)
Central & Northern Mexico	9.7	83	43%	(68)
Southern Mexico (*)	12.2	118	58%	(58)
Cambodia	1.4	22	39%	16





Airport services: a key player in ground services, principally in cargo handling

- A major player in ground services (North America, France):
 - Over 300 customers (airlines, airports)
 - All ground services: ramp, passenger, equipment maintenance, fuelling, etc.
 - 1 million aircraft movements and 50 million units of baggage handled a year
- World leader in cargo handling:
 - Operations in 43 airports, partner to over 100 airlines and 80 freight forwarders
 - A wide range of services including storage and handling, comprehensive cargo solutions (road transport, receiving, delivery); pallet rental and container leasing
 - 1.8 million tonnes of cargo a year







Airport services: programme started to refocus on cargo and Europe

- Refocus on cargo
 - Stronger growth
 - Limited exposure to geopolitical risks
 - Higher margins due to real barriers to entry (control of storage sites)
- A rebalanced customer portfolio
 - In 2001: leading customer = American Airlines, with 20% of net sales
 - In 2003: main customers =
 - Air France (12% of net sales)
 - ADP (11% of net sales)
 - American Airlines (8% of net sales)





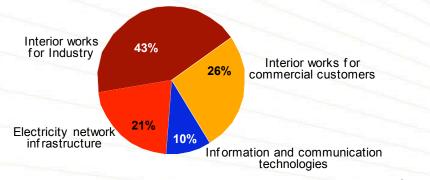
ENERGY (details)

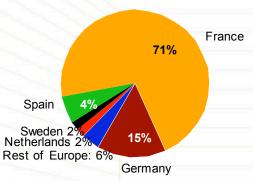




VINCI Energies: French leader for electrical and thermal engineering works and services

- A network of 700 companies in Europe
- A diversified customer base (industry, tertiary sector, local authorities, telecom operators)
- Largely recurring business (about 30% of net sales), spread over a significant number of contracts (average value €20,000)
- Attractive growth potential: business communication systems, telecommunications infrastructure, continuous maintenance or renewal of existing equipment





2003 net sales: €3.1 billion

(EBITDA: 6.3% of net sales; Operating income: 4.1% of net sales)

Cash flow from operations less capital expenditure: €86 million ROE: 24%





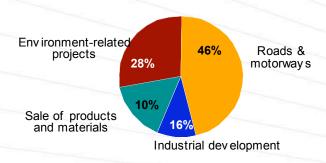
ROADS (details)

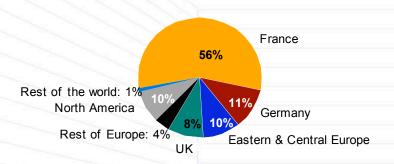


Eurovia



- No. 1 in Europe for roadworks and the production of materials
 - 200 quarries, 400 coating stations, 95 binder plants
 - 50 million tonnes produced a year; 30 years of reserves (1.5 billion tonnes)
- About 70% of net sales generated by repair and maintenance work through many small contracts (average value €120,000)
- Very large customer base, mostly local authorities
- Network giving dense coverage of Europe (France, Germany, UK, Eastern Europe, Spain, Belgium)
- Major player in demolition and waste recycling (90 recycling units)





2003 net sales: €5.3 billion

(EBITDA: 6.8% of net sales; Operating income: 3.8% of net sales)

Cash flow from operations less capital expenditure: €170 million ROE: 21%



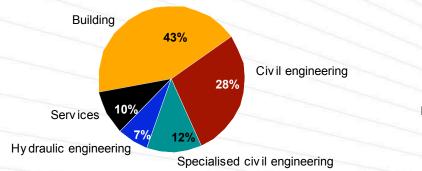


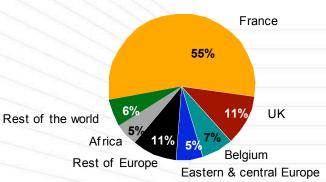
CONSTRUCTION (details)



VINCI Construction: a European leader

- No 1 in France, one of Europe's largest and most profitable market
- Limited exposure to economic cycles due to:
 - Broadly diversified customer base (mostly local) and geographical presence
 - Large range of skills
- Good synergy with concession business:
 - Identification of commercial opportunities through our local network
 - Design and build capacity





2003 net sales: €7.7 billion

(EBITDA: 5.8% of net sales; Operating income: 2.9% of net sales)

Cash flow from operations less capital expenditure: €180 million ROE: 40%







First half 2004 results Roadshow - September 2004